

## Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) Affidavit

Issued under authority of Public Act 206 of 1893.

Read the instructions page before completing the form. Completion of this Affidavit constitutes a claim for a Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) when filed with the local assessor of the city or township where the property is located. A *Request to Rescind Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)* (Form 2602) or a *Conditional Rescission of Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)* (Form 4640) must be filed with the local assessor for any previous claims.

Print or type in blue or black ink. Use a separate form for each property number.

PART 1: PROPERTY INFORMATION			
▶ 1. Property Tax Identification Number		▶ 2. ZIP Code	
▶ 3. Street Address of Property	4. Name of Township or Village <input type="checkbox"/> Township <input type="checkbox"/> City		5. County

6. Date the property in line 1, above, became your principal residence ..... ▶ 6. \_\_\_\_\_  
The property in line 1 above is my: ▶ 6a.  Principal residence                                Month     Day     Year  
▶ 6b.  Residence vacant contiguous or adjacent lot

▶ 7. Name of Owner (First, Middle, Last)	▶ 8. Owner's Social Security Number
▶ 9. Name of Co-Owner (First, Middle, Last)	▶ 10. Co-Owner's Social Security Number

11. Property owner's daytime telephone number ..... 11. \_\_\_\_\_

12. If this parcel has more than one home on it, or if you own and live in one unit of a multiple-unit dwelling (or a multi-purpose property) give the percentage of the entire property that your unit (your principal residence) occupies. Your exemption will be based on this percentage ..... ▶ 12. \_\_\_\_\_ %

13. Have you claimed a principal residence exemption for another Michigan principal residence? ..... 13.  Yes     No

14. If yes, have you rescinded that principal residence exemption? ..... 14.  Yes     No

15. Do you or your spouse claim an exemption, credit or deduction on property located in another state? ..... 15.  Yes     No

16. Have you or your spouse filed a tax return as a resident of another state? ..... 16.  Yes     No

### PART 2: CERTIFICATION

**Certification:** I certify under penalty of perjury the information contained on this document is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

17. Owner's Signature	Date	17a. Co-Owner's Signature	Date
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17b. Mailing Address, if Different than Property Address Above

18. Closing Agent or Preparer's Name and Mailing Address

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT USE ONLY (do not write below this line)

19. Was an exemption in place prior to this affidavit being filed? ..... 19. \_\_\_\_\_

20. What is the first year this exemption will be posted to the tax rolls? ..... ▶ 20. \_\_\_\_\_

21. Indicate property classification ..... 21. \_\_\_\_\_

## Instructions for Form 2368 Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) Affidavit

If you own and occupy your principal residence, it may be exempt from a portion of your local school operating taxes. To claim an exemption, complete this Affidavit and file it with your township or city by May 1 of the year of the claim. Your local assessor will adjust your taxes on your next property tax bill. Note that this is an *exemption* from part of the taxes and does not affect your assessment.

*Principal residence* means the dwelling that you occupy as your permanent home and any unoccupied adjacent or contiguous properties that are classified residential.

*Owning* means you hold the legal title to the principal residence or that you are currently buying it on a notarized or recorded land contract. **Renters should not file this form.**

*Occupying* means this is your principal residence, the place you intend to return to whenever you go away. It may be the address that appears on your **driver's license or voter registration card**. Vacation homes and income property that you do not occupy as your principal residence may not be claimed. You may have only one principal residence at a time, however, you can file a *Conditional Rescission of Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)* (Form 4640) on unsold property that is your previous principal residence under the following conditions: it is for sale, is not occupied, is not leased, and is not used for any business or commercial purpose.

### RESCINDING YOUR EXEMPTION

If you claim an exemption and then stop using it as a principal residence, you must notify your township or city assessor within 90 days of the change or you may be responsible for interest and penalties. This can be done using the *Request to Rescind Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)* (Form 2602) or filing Form 4640, as noted above.

### INTEREST AND PENALTY

If it is determined that you claimed property that is not your principal residence, you may be subject to the additional tax plus penalty and interest as determined under the General Property Tax Act.

### PART 1: PROPERTY INFORMATION

Submit a separate affidavit for each property tax identification number being claimed.

**It is important that your property tax identification number is entered accurately.** This ensures that your property is identified properly and that your township or city can accurately adjust your property taxes. You can find this number on your tax bill and on your property tax assessment notice. If you cannot find this number, call your township or city assessor.

**NOTE:** Do not include information for a co-owner who does not occupy the property as a principal residence.

The request for the Social Security number is authorized under Section 42 USC 405 (c) (2) (C) (i). It is used by the Department of Treasury to verify tax exemption claims and to deter fraudulent filings. Any use of the number by closing agents or local units of government is illegal and subject to penalty.

**Line 12: If you own and live in a multi-unit or multi-purpose property** (e.g., a duplex or apartment building, or a storefront with an upstairs flat), you can claim an exemption only for the portion that you use as your principal residence. Calculate your portion by dividing the floor area of your principal residence by the floor area of the entire building.

**If the parcel of property you are claiming has more than one home on it**, you must determine the percentage that you own and occupy as your principal residence. A second residence on the same property (e.g., a mobile home or second house) is not part of your principal residence, even if it is not rented to another person. Your local assessor can tell you the assessed value of each residence to help you determine the percentage that is your principal residence.

**If you rent part of your home to another person**, you may have to prorate your exemption. If your home is a single-family dwelling and the renters enter through a common door or your living area to get to their rooms, you may claim a 100 percent exemption if less than 50 percent of your home is rented to others who use it as a residence. However, if part of the home was converted to an apartment with a separate entrance, you must calculate the percentage that is your principal residence by dividing the floor area of your principal residence by the floor area of the entire building.

### PART 2: CERTIFICATION

Sign and date the form. Enter your mailing address if it is different from the address under Part 1.

### MAILING INFORMATION

Mail your completed form to the township or city assessor where the property is located. This address may be on your most recent tax bill or assessment notice. **DO NOT** send this form directly to the Department of Treasury.

If you have any questions, visit our Web site at [www.michigan.gov/PRE](http://www.michigan.gov/PRE) or call (517) 373-1950.